# **Arboricultural Report**

Tree Survey,

Arboricultural Impact Assessment & Arboricultural Method Statement

In relation to the development proposal at: Social Housing Bundle 4 Wellmount Road Finglas Co. Dublin

> On behalf of: Dublin City Council

> > March 2024

SHB4-WRF-RP-CMC-L-P3-0022

CHARLES MCCORKELL ARBORICULTURAL CONSULTANCY

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# **Section 1: Arboricultural Impact Assessment**

### 1 Summary

- 1.1 This arboricultural report has been instructed by Dublin City Council (the 'Applicant').
- 1.2 The proposal is for the construction of a residential development at Wellmount Road, Finglas, Co. Dublin (the 'Application Site').
- 1.3 This report includes:
  - an assessment of the trees, their quality and value in accordance with BS 5837:2012 - Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction;
  - the site context and observations on the trees;
  - local planning policies relevant to the consideration of trees on the site;
  - the impact of the proposed development on the tree population in and around the site;
  - methods of reducing impacts on trees; and
  - measures to be taken to protect trees during the proposed works.
- 1.4 The proposed development will require the removal of 7 trees of low quality and value (C Category) and 2 trees of poor quality (U Category). The loss of trees required to facilitate the development will not have a negative impact on the character and appearance of the surrounding local area due to their small size and low and poor quality and value.
- 1.5 The loss of trees has been taken into consideration and new high-quality tree planting has been proposed. The proposed new planting will increase the tree cover across the site. This will have a positive impact on the appearance and amenities of the development and the local surrounding area in the future.
- 1.6 My conclusions are that the proposed development is achievable in both arboricultural terms and in relation to local planning policy as it relates to trees. Tree impacts have been assessed and tree protection measures have been specified in accordance with best practice and are sufficient to safeguard retained trees during the proposed works.

### 2 Introduction

#### Instructions

2.1 This arboricultural report has been instructed by Dublin City Council to provide information to assist all parties involved in the planning process to make balanced judgements with regard to arboricultural features in relation to the proposed residential development at Wellmount Road, Finglas, Co. Dublin.

#### **Development proposal**

2.2 The proposal is for the construction of a residential development with associated car parking, landscaping and all site infrastructure and engineering works necessary to facilitate the development.

#### **Qualification and experience**

2.3 This report has been prepared by Charles McCorkell. Charles is a Chartered Arboricultural Consultant dealing with trees in relation to all forms of human activity, including the built environment. He is a Professional Member of the Institute of Chartered Foresters, a Professional Member of the Arboricultural Association, a qualified professional tree inspector (LANTRA), and has a BSc Honours Degree in Arboriculture from the University of Central Lancashire.

### Scope and limitations

- 2.4 The survey is not a health and safety inspection of trees; however, trees identified as imminently dangerous have been highlighted and recommendations have been made.
- 2.5 The contents of this report are the copyright of *Charles McCorkell Arboricultural Consultancy* and may not be distributed or copied without the author's permission.

### Methodology and guidance

- 2.6 The author has referred to *British Standard 5837: Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction (2012)* which provides a methodology for the assessment of trees and other significant vegetation on development sites.
- 2.7 BS 5837:2012 is intended to assist decision-making with regard to existing and proposed trees and sets out the principles and procedures to be applied in order to achieve a harmonious relationship between existing and new trees and structures that can be sustained for the long term.

2.8 The BS 5837:2012 recommends the National Joint Utilities Group (NJUG) document *Guidelines for the planning, installation and maintenance of utility apparatus in proximity to trees.* Volume 4, issue 2. London: NJUG, 2007, as a normative reference for guidance on the installation of utilities within proximity to trees.

### Supporting information

2.9 This report should be read in conjunction with the following supporting documents attached to this report.

Document	Reference	Location
Arboricultural Method Statement	N/A	Section 2
Tree Schedule	230427-PD-20	Appendix A
Tree Work Schedule	230427-PD-22	Appendix A
Tree Survey & Constraints Plan	SHB4-WRF-DR-CMC-L- P3-0020	Appendix B
Tree Removals & Protection Plan	SHB4-WRF-DR-CMC-L- P3-0021	Appendix B

### Definitions

- 2.10 **Root Protection Area (RPA)** a layout design tool indicating the area surrounding a tree that contains sufficient rooting volume to ensure the survival of the tree.
- 2.11 **Tree Protection Zone (TPZ)** an area based on the RPA in m<sup>2</sup> identified by an arboriculturist, to be protected during development, including demolition and construction work, by the use of barriers and/or ground protection fit for purpose to ensure the successful long-term retention of a tree.

## **3 Observations & Context**

### Site visit

3.1 The site was visited by Charles McCorkell on 19 June 2023. The purpose of the visit was to survey on and off-site trees and vegetation which may be of significance to the proposed development. The survey was carried out in accordance with BS 5837:2012 and from ground level only.

### Site location and description

- 3.2 The Application Site is a triangular-shaped area of public open space located between Wellmount Road, Wellmount Drive and Cardiffsbridge Road (Map 1). The surrounding area is residential with a shopping centre to the north.
- 3.3 The tree cover on the site is considered to be poor. There is a small number of young rowan and ornamental apple trees that have only recently been planted and some semi-mature fastigiate hornbeam.



*Map 1 (Google 2024):* Dashed yellow line highlighting the approximate location of the site within the local area.

### Views of the site and trees



Photo 1: View of the rowan trees T522 to T528 located in the eastern corner of the site.



**Photo 2:** View of newly planted ornamental apple trees T529 to T533 in the southern corner of the site.



**Photo 3:** View of the fastigiate hornbeam trees T515 to T520 located on either side of the existing footpath along Cardiffsbridge Road.

# 4 Local Planning Policy

#### Dublin City Council Development Plan 2022-2028

4.1 The Dublin City Council Development Plan 2022-2028 was adopted on 2 November 2022 and contains the following policies that relate to trees:

#### Section 10.5.7 Trees

 GI41 – Protect Existing Trees as Part of New Development: To protect existing trees as part of new development, particularly those that are of visual, biodiversity or amenity quality and significance. There will be a presumption in favour of retaining and safeguarding trees that make a valuable contribution to the environment.

#### Dublin Tree Strategy 2016-2020

- 4.2 The Dublin City Tree Strategy 2016-2020 is referenced several times within the council's Development Plan and contains a number of policies within Section 3.3 that relate to trees and development. These include:
  - **3.31 Protection of Existing Trees -** Dublin City Council will consider the protection of existing trees when granting planning permission for developments and will seek to ensure maximum retention, preservation and management of important trees, groups of trees and hedges.
  - 3.3.2 Information to accompany planning applications Where there are trees within an application site, or on land adjacent to it that could influence or be affected by the proposed development (including street trees), the planning application must include a detailed submission prepared by a suitably qualified Arboriculturist in accordance with BS5837: 2012 'Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction Recommendations'.
  - 3.3.5 Tree Planting integral to Development Dublin City Council will encourage and promote tree planting in the planning and design of private and public developments.

# **5** Technical Information

### Tree data

5.1 The Tree Survey & Constraints Plan at Appendix B illustrates the location of trees, the extent of the spread of their crowns, and their root protection areas. Dimensions, comments and information for each tree and group are given in the Tree Schedule at Appendix A.



### Life stage analysis

Figure 1: Life stage analysis of the 21 survey entries recorded.

### BS5837 (2012) category breakdown



Figure 2: Breakdown of BS5837:2012 categories of the 21 survey entries recorded.

# 6 Analysis of the Proposal in Respect of Trees

### **Arboricultural Impacts**

6.1 Loss of trees – The proposed development will require the removal of 7 trees of low quality and value (C Category) and 2 trees of poor quality (U Category). A breakdown of trees to be removed according to their BS5837:2012 category is outlined in Figure 3.



Figure 3: Breakdown of tree removal required as part of the development.

- 6.2 The loss of trees required to facilitate the development will not have a negative impact on the character and appearance of the surrounding local area due to their small size and low and poor quality. The proposed removals are specified within the Tree Work Schedule at Appendix A and are highlighted in the Tree Removals Plan at Appendix B.
- 6.3 **Pruning works** No pruning works are required to facilitate the development. If works are necessary during construction, these must be approved in advance by the arboricultural consultant and carried out by a reputable arboricultural contractor in accordance with the recommendations given in BS 3998:2010 Tree Work Recommendations.
- 6.4 **Construction operations** The construction of the development will not require excavation works within the RPAs of retained trees. The proposal can be constructed using conventional methods outside the designated Tree Protection Zone as specified in the Protection Plan at Appendix B.
- 6.5 **Drainage and services** The proposed underground services are required to avoid the root protection areas of retained trees. To ensure that trees and hedgerows are

correctly considered, it will be necessary that arboricultural input is required during the final design of the proposed underground service and drainage runs.

- 6.6 If avoiding root protection areas is not possible, the installation of underground services and drainage runs must adhere to industry best practice. The BS 5837:2012 recommends the National Joint Utilities Group Guidelines for the planning, installation and maintenance of utility apparatus in proximity to trees Volume 4, issue 2: NJUG, 2007 as a normative reference in these instances.
- 6.7 **Tree protection measures** All retained trees can be successfully protected during the proposed development works by using robust fencing measures. The location and specification of all tree protection measures are highlighted in the Tree Protection Plan at Appendix B.

### **Arboricultural mitigation**

- 6.8 A detailed landscape plan has been designed and will form part of the planning application for the development proposal. This design includes the planting of a large number of new high-quality trees.
- 6.9 The proposed new planting will mitigate the loss of trees and in the medium to long term, have a positive impact on the character and appearance of the new development and surrounding local area.
- 6.10 New tree planting should take into consideration the location of the site and the character of the local landscape. It is important that a diverse selection of species is chosen in order to increase the resilience of the tree population due to the risks posed by pests and diseases and climate change.
- 6.11 All new tree planting should take into consideration the mature growing size of the trees proposed to ensure that a harmonious relationship between proposed structures (buildings and hard landscaping) can be sustained for the long-term without the need for unnecessary removal or pruning works.

# 7 Discussion & Conclusion

### **General Change**

- 7.1 In visual terms, the removal of trees will not a have significant impact on the character and appearance of the surrounding local area and landscape. The trees to be removed are all of low and poor quality and of a small size whereby they can be easily replaced with new tree planting.
- 7.2 The development presents an opportunity to carry out appropriate landscape enhancements which include significant new tree planting. Such planting will mitigate the proposed removals and over time, can enhance the local tree cover and diversity of species, which can have a positive impact on the surrounding landscape character.

### Proposal in relation to local planning policy

- 7.4 The proposed development has taken into consideration the local planning policies as they relate to trees. There are no trees of high quality or high public amenity value required to be removed. Proposed removals have been confined to those of low and poor quality only.
- 7.5 The design has taken into consideration the proposed removals and has included new high-quality tree planting that can enhance the overall tree cover within the local area.
- 7.6 The proposal has been assessed in accordance with best practice BS5837:2012 and provided the recommendations, as detailed within this report, are followed, all retained trees can be successfully protected for the duration of construction.

### Conclusion

- 7.7 The proposal has been assessed in accordance with BS5837:2012. Retained trees can be successfully protected during the development by following the information provided within this report and adhering to industry best practice.
- 7.8 Provided the recommendations and methods of work as outlined within this report are followed, the proposed development can be successfully carried out without having a significant impact on the character or appearance of the surrounding landscape.

# **Section 2: Arboricultural Method Statement**

#### Introduction

This report has been prepared in accordance with British Standard 5837: Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction – Recommendations (2012) which provides a methodology for the assessment and protection of trees and other significant vegetation on development sites.

#### Sequence of Operations

All key / critical activities that will affect trees during construction will be inspected and monitored by the approved arboricultural consultant.

- Pre-commencement meeting with the site manager to discuss tree protection measures;
- Inspection of tree works and protection measures prior to the commencement of works;
- Supervision during the refurbishment of hard standing within tree RPAs;
- Monthly site visits to inspect tree protection measures;
- Supervision during the installation of drainage and services within tree RPAs; and
- Supervision during any other works that may affect retained trees.

Alternative sequences can be discussed and agreed upon with the local authority and project manager if required.

Methodology
Prior to the commencement of works, a meeting between the arboricultural
consultant and the site manager will be held to discuss the tree protection
measures and proposed works required in close proximity to trees.
Contact details of all parties will be circulated to ensure all team members
are able to communicate correctly.
The site manager will be responsible for the protection of all retained trees
for the duration of the project. Whenever necessary, the site manager will
engage the arboricultural consultant to ensure trees are adequately
protected.
The appointed arboricultural consultant will be available for verbal advice
throughout site work.

#### **Arboricultural Method Statement**

Tree Works	Please refer to the Tree Work Schedule at Appendix A for a list of all proposed tree works. The location of trees to be removed is highlighted in the Tree Removals Plan at Appendix B.
	It is the responsibility of the Site Manager to ensure all tree works have been approved by the local planning authority.
	All tree works will be carried out by a reputable arboricultural contractor in accordance with the recommendations given in BS 3998:2010 – Tree Work Recommendations.
	All tree works should be carried out in accordance with Section 40 of the Wildlife Act 1976 and Section 46 of the Wildlife (Amendment) Act 2000.
	It is the responsibility of the arboricultural contractor to ensure that no protected species are harmed whilst carrying out site clearance or tree surgery works.
Tree Protection	The position of tree protection measures is shown on the Tree Protection Plan at Appendix B.
	Protective fencing will be constructed and installed in accordance with BS5837:2012, please refer to the Tree Protection Plan for the specification. Alternatives to those shown must be agreed upon in advance by the arboricultural consultant.
	Any machinery located within tree RPAs must operate on the appropriate ground protection at all times, this will include the installation and removal of ground protection.
	No materials or equipment other than those required to erect protective fencing will be delivered to the site before the fencing is installed.
	Signs will be fixed on every third panel stating, 'Tree Protection Area Keep Out – Any incursion into the protected area must be with the agreement of the local authority or arboricultural consultant.
	The main contractor will inform the arboricultural consultant that tree protection is in place before site clearance works commence.
	No alteration, removal or repositioning of the tree protection will take place without the prior consent of the arboricultural consultant.
Compound Area	The proposed site compound area has not yet been designed; however, the considerations below must be followed:

	The site compound must be located outside the designated TPZs as highlighted in the Tree Protection Plan at Appendix B. No excavation works within tree RPAs are permitted to install temporary services for site cabins and facilities. Any temporary services within tree RPAs must be above ground and protected accordingly. No operating generators or toxic liquids will be stored within the RPAs of retained trees during construction. Overhanging tree canopies must be taken into consideration when transporting, installing and removing site cabins near tree crowns. A banksman will be present during this process to ensure that all operations are carried out in a controlled manner and no part of the cabin meets overhanging tree crowns.
Droinage and Cardin	
Drainage and Service Installation	All methods of work for the installation of drainage runs or services within the RPAs of retained trees will follow the guidance within Table 3 of BS 5837 (2012), or National Joint Utilities Group (NJUG) <i>Guidelines for the</i> <i>planning, installation and maintenance of utility apparatus in proximity to</i> <i>trees.</i> Volume 4, issue 2, London NJUG 2007.
	For excavation works, roots greater than 25mm in diameter will be retained where possible and will be immediately wrapped in dry hessian to prevent desiccation and temperature fluctuations. Roots will be pushed aside to allow for runs to be installed.
	In some cases, individual roots may be pruned, making a clean cut with a suitable sharp sterile tool (e.g. secateurs or hand saw). Prior to root pruning taking place, the contractor will consult the arboricultural consultant.
	Trenches should not remain open for more than one day. If this is unavoidable, any exposed roots should be watered and covered with hessian until the area is backfilled with soil.
	No machinery will be permitted within the TPZ at any time unless ground protection is installed and agreed upon with the arboricultural consultant beforehand. The requirement for temporary ground protection must be installed in accordance with Section 6.2.3.3 of BS 5837:2012.
	Prior to drainage or service installation works commencing within RPAs, the arboricultural consultant will be contacted, and a date agreed upon for a site meeting to run through the proposed methods of work on-site with the site manager and relevant site operatives.

General Principals to	No fires will be permitted within 20m of the crown of any tree.							
Avoid Damage to Trees	No materials, vehicles, plant or personnel will be permitted into the tree protection zones at any time without the prior consent of the arboricultural consultant.							
	Any liquid materials spilt on site will be immediately cleared up and removed from the site. If liquid fuel or cement products are spilt 2m of the tree protection zone, the contractor will report the incident to the arboricultural consultant immediately.							
	The contractor will report any damage to trees or shrubs, whether caused by construction activities or from any other cause, to the arboricultural consultant immediately.							
Landscape	All landscape operations within the protected area will be carried out by							
Operations	hand, using hand tools only, unless otherwise agreed with by the arboricultural consultant.							
	No dumping of spoil or rubbish, parking of vehicles or plant, storage of materials or temporary accommodation will be undertaken within the TPZs.							
	All tree roots within the RPAs greater than 25mm diameter will be retained and worked around.							
	Soil levels will not be increased or reduced within the RPAs of trees without prior agreement from the arboricultural consultant.							

# Appendix A - Schedule

Document	Reference	Revision
Tree Schedule	230427-PD-20	-
Tree Work Schedule	230427-PD-22	-

#### 230427-20 - Wellmount Road

Tree ID	No	. Species	Height (m)	Stem diameter (cm)	No. of Stems	N		SPREAD (1	m) / W NW	Crown clearance (m)	L.B. (m)	Life stage	Condition Notes	Survey date	RPA (m <sup>2</sup> )	RPR (m)	Life expectancy (yrs)	BS Category
Tree T513	1	Prunus cerasifera 'Nigra' (Purple Cherry Plum)	4.5	18	1	2.5	3.0	2.5	2.5	1.5		Early Mature	Structural condition Fair. Physiological condition Fair. Bark wound - Minor. Deadwood - Minor. Root environment - Restricted.	19/06/2023	14.7	2.2	10-20	C2
Tree T514	1	Prunus cerasifera 'Nigra' (Purple Cherry Plum)	3.5	13	1	2.5	2.5	1.0	1.5	2.0		Early Mature	Structural condition Poor. Physiological condition Fair. Bark wound - Minor. Deadwood - Minor. Fungal fruiting body - structural decay suspected. Leaning trunk - Minor. Pruning wounds - Decayed.	19/06/2023	7.6	1.6	0-10	U
Tree T515	1	Carpinus betulus 'Fastigiata' (Fastigiate Hornbeam)	4.5	9	1	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	2.0		Semi Mature	Structural condition Poor. Physiological condition Dead. Dead tree / trees.	19/06/2023	3.7	1.1	0-10	U
Tree T516	1	Carpinus betulus 'Fastigiata' (Fastigiate Hornbeam)	5.5	9	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0		Semi Mature	Structural condition Fair. Physiological condition Fair. Bark wound - Major. Bark wound - Mechanical.	19/06/2023	3.7	1.1	10-20	C2
Tree T517	1	Carpinus betulus 'Fastigiata' (Fastigiate Hornbeam)	5.0	8	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0		Semi Mature	Structural condition Fair. Physiological condition Fair. Bark wound - Mechanical.	19/06/2023	2.9	1.0	20-40	C2
Tree T518	1	Carpinus betulus 'Fastigiata' (Fastigiate Hornbeam)	5.5	9	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0		Semi Mature	Structural condition Fair. Physiological condition Fair. No significant faults observed.	19/06/2023	3.7	1.1	20-40	C2
Tree T519	1	Carpinus betulus 'Fastigiata' (Fastigiate Hornbeam)	5.5	9	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0		Semi Mature	Structural condition Fair. Physiological condition Good. Bark wound - Mechanical.	19/06/2023	3.7	1.1	20-40	C2

Stem green Estimated value

Stem **AVE** Average stem diameter for tree groups

Stem COM Combined stem diameter in accordance with BS5837 L.B.

Height of lowest branch attachment (m) - where relevant

The survey information in this schedule has been gathered following a BS5837 survey for planning purposes. Where hazardous trees have been noted recommendations for works may have been

made but this survey cannot be relied upon as a full health and safety assessment of the trees.

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#### 230427-20 - Wellmount Road

Tree ID	No	. Species	Height (m)	Stem diameter (cm)	No. of Stems	N NE		PREAD (n	n) W NW	Crown clearance (m)	L.B. (m)	Life stage	Condition Notes	Survey date	RPA (m <sup>2</sup> )	RPR (m)	Life expectancy (yrs)	BS Category
Tree T520	1	Carpinus betulus 'Fastigiata' (Fastigiate Hornbeam)	5.0	8	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0		Semi Mature	Structural condition Fair. Physiological condition Poor. Bark wound - Mechanical.	19/06/2023	2.9	1.0	10-20	C2
Tree T521	1	Sorbus aucuparia (Rowan/Mountain Ash)	4.0	9	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0		Semi Mature	Structural condition Poor. Physiological condition Dead. Dead tree / trees.	19/06/2023	3.7	1.1	0-10	U
Tree T522	1	Sorbus aucuparia (Rowan/Mountain Ash)	5.0	10	1	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.5		Semi Mature	Structural condition Good. Physiological condition Good.	19/06/2023	4.5	1.2	20-40	C2
Tree T523	1	Sorbus aucuparia (Rowan/Mountain Ash)	5.0	8	1	1.0	1.5	1.0	1.0	2.5		Semi Mature	Structural condition Fair. Physiological condition Fair. Bark wound - Mechanical.	19/06/2023	2.9	1.0	10-20	C2
Tree T524	1	Sorbus aucuparia (Rowan/Mountain Ash)	3.0	4	1	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	2.0		Young	Structural condition Fair. Physiological condition Fair. Staked tree / trees. Young planted tree / trees. Tree is not tagged as it is to young.	19/06/2023	0.7	0.5	20-40	C2
Tree T525	1	Sorbus aucuparia (Rowan/Mountain Ash)	3.0	4	1	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	2.0		Young	Structural condition Fair. Physiological condition Fair. Staked tree / trees. Young planted tree / trees. Tree is not tagged as it is to young.	19/06/2023	0.7	0.5	20-40	C2
Tree T526	1	Sorbus aucuparia (Rowan/Mountain Ash)	3.5	4	1	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	2.0		Young	Structural condition Fair. Physiological condition Fair. Staked tree / trees. Young planted tree / trees. Tree is not tagged as it is to young.	19/06/2023	0.7	0.5	20-40	C2
Tree T527	1	Sorbus aucuparia (Rowan/Mountain Ash)	3.5	4	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0		Young	Structural condition Fair. Physiological condition Fair. Staked tree / trees. Young planted tree / trees. Tree is not tagged as it is to young.	19/06/2023	0.7	0.5	20-40	C2
Tree T528	1	Sorbus aucuparia (Rowan/Mountain Ash)	3.0	4	1	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	2.0		Young	Structural condition Fair. Physiological condition Poor. Decline - Suspected. Staked tree / trees. Young planted tree / trees. Tree is not tagged as it is to young.	19/06/2023	0.7	0.5	10-20	C2

Stem green Estimated value

Stem **AVE** Average stem diameter for tree groups

Stem COM Combined stem diameter in accordance with BS5837 L.B.

Height of lowest branch attachment (m) - where relevant

The survey information in this schedule has been gathered following a BS5837 survey for planning purposes. Where hazardous trees have been noted recommendations for works may have been made but this survey cannot be relied upon as a full health and safety assessment of the trees.

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TREES

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#### 230427-20 - Wellmount Road

Tree ID	N	lo. Species	Height (m)	Stem diameter (cm)	No. of Stems	N	CF		PREAD	(m) W W NW	Crown clearance (m)	L.B. (m)	Life stage	Condition Notes	Survey date	RPA (m <sup>2</sup> )	RPR (m)	Life expectancy (yrs)	BS Category
Tree T529	1	Malus sp. (Apple sp.)	3.5	3	1	1.0		1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0		Young	Structural condition Fair. Physiological condition Fair. Staked tree / trees. Young planted tree / trees. Tree is not tagged as it is to young.	19/06/2023	0.4	0.4	20-40	C2
Tree T530	1	Malus sp. (Apple sp.)	3.0	3	1	1.0		1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0		Young	Structural condition Fair. Physiological condition Fair. Staked tree / trees. Young planted tree / trees. Tree is not tagged as it is to young.	19/06/2023	0.4	0.4	20-40	C2
Tree T531	1	Malus sp. (Apple sp.)	3.5	3	1	1.0		1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0		Young	Structural condition Fair. Physiological condition Fair. Staked tree / trees. Young planted tree / trees. Tree is not tagged as it is to young.	19/06/2023	0.4	0.4	20-40	C2
Tree T532	1	Malus sp. (Apple sp.)	3.5	3	1	1.0		1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0		Young	Structural condition Fair. Physiological condition Fair. Staked tree / trees. Young planted tree / trees. Tree is not tagged as it is to young.	19/06/2023	0.4	0.4	20-40	C2
Tree T533	1	Malus sp. (Apple sp.)	3.5	3	1	1.0		1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0		Young	Structural condition Fair. Physiological condition Fair. Staked tree / trees. Young planted tree / trees. Tree is not tagged as it is to young.	19/06/2023	0.4	0.4	20-40	C2

Stem green Estimated value

L.B.

Stem **AVE** Average stem diameter for tree groups

Stem COM Combined stem diameter in accordance with BS5837

purposes. Where hazardous trees have been noted recommendations for works may have been made but this survey cannot be relied upon as a full health and safety assessment of the trees. Height of lowest branch attachment (m) - where relevant

The survey information in this schedule has been gathered following a BS5837 survey for planning

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Table 1 of BS5837 (2012)

Category and definition	Criteria (including subcategories	where appropriate)	Identification of	on plan
Trees unsuitable for retention (see not	e)			
<b>Category U</b> Those in such a condition that they cannot realistically be retained as living trees in the context of the current land use for longer than 10 years	<ul> <li>Trees that have a serious, irremedial including those that will become unviloss of companion shelter cannot be</li> <li>Trees that are dead or are showing s</li> <li>Trees infected with pathogens of sign suppressing adjacent trees of better</li> <li>NOTE Category U trees can have ex</li> </ul>	ble, structural defect, such that their early loss is able after removal of other category U trees (e.g. mitigated by pruning) signs of significant, immediate, and irreversible c nificance to health and/or safety of other trees no quality	expected due to collapse, g. where, for whatever reason, the overall decline earby, or very low quality trees ight be desirable to preserve; see 4.	<b>RED</b>
	1 Mainly arboricultural qualities	2 Mainly landscape qualities	3 Mainly cultural values, including conservation	
Trees to be considered for retention				
Category A	Tree that are particularly good examples of	Trees, groups or woodlands of particular	Trees, groups or	
Trees of high quality	their species, especially if rare or unusual; or those that are essential components of	visual importance as arboricutural and/or landscape features.	woodlands of significant conservation, historical,	
with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 40 years	groups or formal or semi-formal arboricultural features (e.g. the dominant and/or principal trees within an avenue).		commemorative or other value (e.g. veteran trees or wood-pasture).	
Category B	Trees that might be included in category A,	Trees present in numbers, usually growing	Trees with material	BLUE
<b>Trees of moderate quality</b> with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 20 years	but are downgraded because of impaired condition (e.g. presence of significant though remediable defects, including unsympathetic past management and storm damage), such that they are unlikely to be suitable for retention for beyond 40 years; or trees lacking the special quality necessary to merit the category A designation.	as groups or woodlands, such that they attract a higher collective rating than they might as individuals; or trees occurring as collectives but situated so as to make little visual contribution to the wider locality.	conservation or other cultural value.	DLUL
<b>Category C</b> <b>Trees of low quality</b> with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 10 years, or young trees with a stem diameter below 150 mm	Unremarkable trees of very limited merit or such impaired condition that they do not qualify in higher categories.	Trees present in groups or woodlands, but without this conferring on them significantly greater collective landscape value; and/or trees offering low or only temporary/transient landscape benefits.	Trees with no material conservation or other cultural value.	GREY

# 230427-PD-22 - Planning Tree Works Schedule

### 230427-20 - Wellmount Road

ID	No.	/ Species	BS5837 Category	Purpose of works Recommended works	Status
T515	1	<i>Carpinus betulus 'Fastigiata'</i> Fastigiate Hornbeam	U	To facilitate development Fell - Ground level.	Proposed
T516	1	<i>Carpinus betulus 'Fastigiata'</i> Fastigiate Hornbeam	C2	To facilitate development Fell - Ground level.	Proposed
T517	1	<i>Carpinus betulus 'Fastigiata'</i> Fastigiate Hornbeam	C2	To facilitate development Fell - Ground level.	Proposed
T521	1	<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i> Rowan/Mountain Ash	U	To facilitate development Fell - Ground level.	Proposed
T529	1	<i>Malus sp.</i> Apple sp.	C2	To facilitate development Fell - Ground level.	Proposed
T530	1	<i>Malus sp.</i> Apple sp.	C2	To facilitate development Fell - Ground level.	Proposed
T531	1	<i>Malus sp.</i> Apple sp.	C2	To facilitate development Fell - Ground level.	Proposed
T532	1	<i>Malus sp.</i> Apple sp.	C2	To facilitate development Fell - Ground level.	Proposed
T533	1	<i>Malus sp.</i> Apple sp.	C2	To facilitate development Fell - Ground level.	Proposed

### Tree work analysis (trees and trees in groups)

	To facilitate development	Total
Fell - Ground level	9	9
Total	9	9



# Appendix B - Plans

Document	Reference	Revision
Tree Survey & Constraints Plan	SHB4-WRF-DR- CMC-L-P3-0020	-
Tree Removals & Protection Plan	SHB4-WRF-DR- CMC-L-P3-0021	-

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