

SOCIAL HOUSING BUNDLE 4 DEVELOPMENT AT CROKE VILLAS

LIFECYCLE ASSESSMENT REPORT for

Dublin City Council July 2024

Job ref: 2771

Doc. ref: SHB4-CVD-RP-COA-AR-P3-5011 **Status:** P3 – For Planning **Rev:** 02



Table of Contents

| 1. | Introduction | 2 |
|------|---|----|
| 1.1 | Requirements Of The Apartment Guidelines | 2 |
| 1.2 | Proposed Development | 2 |
| 2. | Long-Term Running and Maintenance Costs | 3 |
| 2.1 | Procurement Method & Maintenance | 3 |
| 2.2 | Property Management of the Apartment Units and Common Areas | 3 |
| 2.3 | Maintenance Costs/Lifecycle Costs | 3 |
| 3. | Measures Considered to Effectively Manage And Reduce Costs For The Benefit Of Residents | 4 |
| 3.1 | Energy And Carbon Emissions | 4 |
| 3.2 | Materials | 6 |
| 3.3 | Buildings | |
| 3.4 | Material Specification | 6 |
| 3.5 | External Material Typical Performance Indicators | 7 |
| 3.6 | Landscape | 8 |
| 3.7 | Waste Management | 9 |
| 3.8 | Health and Wellbeing | 9 |
| 3.9 | Management | 10 |
| 3.10 | Transport | 10 |
| App | endix.A. Items Included in a Typical Building Investment Fund | 11 |



1. Introduction

1.1 Requirements Of The Apartment Guidelines

The Sustainable Urban Housing; Design Standards for New Apartments – Guidelines for Planning Authorities were published in March 2018 and updated in December 2020 (hereafter referred to as the Apartment Guidelines). The Apartment Guidelines introduced a requirement to include details on the management and maintenance of apartment schemes. This is set out in Section 6.11 to 6.14 - "Operation & Management of Apartment Developments", specifically Section 6.13.

Section 6.13 of the Apartment Guidelines 2018 requires that apartment applications shall:

"shall include a building lifecycle report, which in turn includes an assessment of long term running and maintenance costs as they would apply on a per residential unit basis at the time of application"

"demonstrate what measures have been specifically considered by the proposer to effectively manage and reduce costs for the benefit of residents."

This Building Life Cycle Report document sets out to address the requirements of Section 6.13 of the Apartment Guidelines.

1.2 Proposed Development

This report was prepared by Coady Architects on behalf of the National Development Finance Agency (NDFA) and Dublin City Council, to accompany a Part 8 proposal for development described as follows in the public notices.

The construction of 52 no. residential dwellings at a site c.0.88 ha at Croke Villas, Sackville Avenue, and bounded by Ballybough Road, Sackville Gardens, Sackville Avenue, Ardilaun Square, Ardilaun Road and GAA National Handball Centre, Dublin 3, which will consist of the following:

- Clearance works at the site will comprise the removal of walls and perimeter fencing and an allotment garden at the Croke Villas site bounded by Ballybough Road, Sackville Gardens, Sackville Avenue, Ardilaun Square, Ardilaun Road and GAA National Handball Centre. A wall along the boundary of the site and Irish Rail lands and railway line (to the south) will also be removed and replaced with a new boundary wall. Demolition of the remaining Croke Villas flat block is approved under Planning Authority Reg. Ref. 2946/16.
- Two apartment blocks between 4 to 5 storeys, consisting of a total of 52 no. residential units:
- Block A consists of 35 no. residential units (1 no. 1 bed and 34 no. 2 bed);
- Block B consists of 17 no. residential units (4 no. 1 bed and 13 no. 2 bed) and 152 sqm of internal community, arts, and cultural space at ground floor.
- 4 no. car parking spaces and 129 no. cycle spaces.
- Sackville Gardens street will be extended to join with Ardilaun Square to form a new perimeter street
 to the southern edge of Block A, which will function as a new pedestrian and cycle link and also serve
 as an emergency vehicle access
- Removal of undesignated car parking spaces along Sackville Avenue and construction of a new Boulevard on Sackville Avenue from the Ballybough Road junction to Ardilaun Road, which will also facilitate vehicular access.
- Provision of c. 961 sqm public open space, c.500 sqm communal open space, c.367 sqm private open space and 68 sqm of outdoor community, arts and cultural space (55 sqm facing Sackville Avenue and 13 sqm in internal courtyard).
- Boundary treatments, public lighting, site drainage works, road surfacing and footpaths, ESB substation, ESB meter rooms, plant rooms, stores, bin and bicycle storage, landscaping; and
- All ancillary site services and development works above and below ground.



2. Long-Term Running and Maintenance Costs

2.1 Procurement Method & Maintenance

It is intended that the development will be delivered through a Public Private Partnership (PPP) structure which will include maintenance and tenancy management services. Under this arrangement, the appointed PPP Company in partnership with an Approved Housing Body, will be responsible for the maintenance and management of the development and the life cycling of building elements on behalf of Dublin City Council and the residents over a 25-year period. Thereafter the maintenance and management of the development will be handed over to Dublin City Council.

Appendix A contains sample headings for a Building Investment Fund (Sinking Fund) report that identifies those works which are necessary to maintain, repair, and enhance the premises. This could be used to by the PPP Company and Dublin City Council to guide the preparation of maintenance and renewal budgets over the lifecycle of the development.

2.2 Property Management of the Apartment Units and Common Areas

The units are not planned for individual re sale. The MUDS Act and in particular the requirement to establish an Owners Management Company (OMC) shall not apply to these units unless at some stage in the future it is decided to offer the units for individual sale. In that event an OMC would be required but at this stage that is not envisaged.

2.3 Maintenance Costs/Lifecycle Costs

As part of the appointment of the PPP Company, a performance specification will be developed that will outline the level of robustness and life expectancy of materials to be used, the required maintenance regimes and the residual life of building elements at the end of the 25-year period. The performance specification will cover external envelope materials, internal and external communal areas and all areas within the public realm including approaches to providing lighting, heating, hot water provision and other services.

The detail associated with each element heading i.e., specification and estimate of the costs to maintain / repair or replace, can only be determined after detailed design and the procurement/ construction of the development and therefore has not been included in this document.

At this planning stage, consideration has been given to the external materials to buildings, boundaries, and the public realm, and outline energy and carbon reduction strategies. The materials and services proposed will be durable and will provide a long life and low maintenance requirements for the residents.



3. Measures Considered to Effectively Manage And Reduce Costs For The Benefit Of Residents

3.1 Energy And Carbon Emissions

The following are an illustration of the energy measures that have been designed for and which the PPP Company will be able to consider for the units to assist in reducing costs for the occupants.

| Measure | Description | Benefit |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| BER Certificates | A Building Energy Rating (BER) certificate will be provided for each dwelling in the proposed development which will provide detail of the energy performance of the dwellings. A BER is calculated through energy use for space and hot water heating, ventilation, and lighting and occupancy. It is proposed to target an A2 rating for the apartments as a minimum, and this will equate to the following emissions. | Higher BER ratings reduce energy consumption and running costs. |
| | A2-25-50 kwh/m2/yr with CO2 emissions c.10kgCO2/m2 /year | |
| Fabric Energy Efficiency | The U-values being investigated will improve upon the requirements set out by the current regulatory requirements of the Technical Guidance Documents Part L, titled "Conservation of Fuel and Energy Buildings other than Dwellings". The overall envelope value will be based on the figures contained in the Sustainability and Climate Action Report included in this application. | Lower U-values and improved air tightness is being considered to help minimise heat losses through the building fabric, lower of energy consumption and thus minimise carbon emissions to the environment. |
| Lighting Efficiency | Low energy luminaires and automatic controls such as motion sensors are to be provided for electric lighting to maximize efficiency in use. LED lamps will be preferred as far as is practical. Lighting will be provided to ensure a safe environment for pedestrians, cyclists and moving vehicles, to deter anti-social behaviour and to limit the environmental impact of artificial lighting on existing flora and fauna in the area. | Low energy lamps and automatic controls improve energy efficiency. Adequate lighting levels ensure safe environments. |
| Energy Labelled White Goods | The white good package (where provided) in the dwellings will be of a very high standard and have a high energy efficiency rating. | The provision of high rated appliances in turn reduces the amount of electricity required for occupants. |



The following are Low energy technologies that are being considered for the development and during the design stage of the development the specific combination from the list below will be decided on and then implemented to achieve the BER Rating.

| Measure | Description | Benefit |
|--|---|---|
| Heat pumps | Air source heat pump or internal exhaust air heat pump units have been designed for and are to be considered to provide heating and hot water demands. | Heat pumps operate with efficiencies >400%. Air to water heat pumps utilise external cold air as the air source for the heat pump. Through compression, heat pumps can 'pump up' heat at low temperature and release it at a higher temperature so that it may be used again. |
| Mechanical Ventilation Heat Recovery (MVHR) or Demand Controlled Ventilation (DCV) | With air tightness of housing improving to reduce heat loss and energy and healthy environment is needed to be considered to ensure fresh air is provided and that condensation is not an issue. Mechanical Ventilation Heat Recovery or Demand-controlled ventilation will be considered to provide ventilation with low energy usage. | MVHR provides continuous ventilation to habitable rooms with low energy usage. Continuous extract is also provided from wet rooms, with exhausted air preheating the incoming fresh air via a heat exchanger in the unit. 90% of the heat can be recovered through this process that would otherwise be wasted. DCV relies on continuous extract from wet rooms, without heat recovery. It incorporates automated wall vents which open/close dependent on internal humidity conditions. DCV is more power efficient than the MVH. MVHR is more beneficial in energy terms when the outdoor air is cold and provides a superior internal environment for occupants. |
| Thermal Storage | The application of thermal energy storage (TES) vessels coupled with heat pump technologies is being considered for several purposes: TES enables low energy technologies such as heat pumps to operate at low night time electricity tariffs to generate low temperature hot water for heating and DHW at night which will be drawn off during the day to offset a proportion of the heating load. TES also increases scope to implement other low energy technologies such as CHP | Reduction in operating costs. TES may also decrease peak electrical infrastructure required on site. Extend the life of plant by preventing On / Off short cycling of plant which occur at times of low heat demand |
| District Heating System | District heating (DHS) is a system for distributing heat generated in a centralised location through a system of insulated pipes space and water heating. The heat can be produced from gas boilers, CHP (Combined Heat and Power Systems) or waster heat from a third-party source such as a data centre. District heating is an efficient method of cutting carbon emissions. A DHS has the ability to ramp | Reduction in the consumption of gas & electricity and the associated carbon emissions and operating costs. |



| | up and down temperatures based on external temperatures and can be used in conjunction with traditional radiator or underfloor heating systems. | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|
| PV Solar Panels | PV Solar Panels have been considered as part of the planning application. The panels are typically placed on the South facing roof of the building for maximum heat gain and in some instances, can also be used to assist the heating system. | PV Solar Panels offer the benefit of reducing fossil fuel consumption and carbon emissions to the environment. They also reduce the overall requirement to purchase electricity from the grid. |
| E-Car Charging Points | A percentage of parking spaces will be provided with EV charging points in accordance with the development plan requirements. The balance of the spaces will be ducted for future installation of EV charging. Refer to Building Service Engineering drawings within the application documentation for details | Providing the option of E-car charging points will allow occupants to avail of the everimproving efficient electric car technologies. |

3.2 Materials

The practical implementation of the Design and Material principles has informed design of building facades, internal layouts and detailing of the proposed buildings. The façade materials are identified on the architectural drawings within this planning application.

3.3 Buildings

All dwellings are designed in accordance with the Building Regulations, in particular Part D 'Materials and Workmanship', which includes all elements of the construction. The Design Principles and Specification are applied to both the apartment units and the common parts of the building and specific measures taken include:

| Measure Description | Benefit |
|---|---|
| Natural/Passive ventilation system to circulation areas | Avoids costly mechanical ventilation systems and associated maintenance and future replacement. |
| External paved and landscaped areas | All of these require low/minimal maintenance. |
| Daylighting to circulation areas where possible | Avoids the requirement for continuous artificial lighting. |

3.4 Material Specification

| Measure Description | Benefit |
|---|---|
| Consideration is given to the requirements of the Building Regulations and includes reference to BS 7543:2015, 'Guide to Durability of Buildings and Building elements, Products and Components', which provides guidance on the durability, design life and predicted service life of buildings and their parts. | Ensures that the long-term durability and maintenance of materials is an integral part of the design and specification of the proposed development. |
| The common parts are designed to incorporate the guidance, best practice principles and mitigations of Annexes of BS 7543: 2015 including: | |
| Annex A Climatic Agents Affecting Durability | |
| Annex B Guidance on Materials and Durability | |
| Annex C Examples of UK material or component failures. | |



| Annex D Design Life Data sheets | |
|--|---|
| Built up warm roof system | Built up warm roof system with green roof layer over as identified in architectural drawings, reduced maintenance & easy to repair. |
| Brickwork to the majority of the building envelope | Requires minimal on-going maintenance |
| Powder-coated windows, doors | Requires minimal on-going maintenance |
| Powder-coated metal balustrades | Requires minimal on-going maintenance |
| Powder-coated metal rainwater goods | Requires minimal on-going maintenance |
| Aluminum louvred fins to facades | Requires minimal on-going maintenance |

3.5 External Material Typical Performance Indicators

The following tables typical performance indicators for a range of external materials as described on the planning drawings:

| Roof | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Description | Built up warm roof system |
| Typical Life Expectancy | 20 years + |
| Robustness & Security | High – generally not in vulnerable locations |
| Replacement & Repair | High- easily replaced in case of damage |
| Typical Maintenance | Very low maintenance |
| External Walls | |
| Description | Clay brick |
| Typical Life Expectancy | 50-80 years. Pointing, 25-50 years |
| Robustness & Security | Very high resistance to accidental damage |
| Replacement & Repair | Excellent- easily replaced |
| Typical Maintenance | Very low maintenance |
| Windows & Doors | |
| Description | Powder-coated aluminium |
| Typical Life Expectancy | 30 -50 years |
| Robustness & Security | Good resistance to accidental damage |
| Replacement & Repair | Moderate- able to be touched up |
| Typical Maintenance | Low maintenance |
| Balconies & Railings | |
| Description | Powder-coated metal |
| Typical Life Expectancy | Metal structure typically 70 years |
| Robustness & Security | High resistance to accidental damage |
| Replacement & Repair | Moderate- able to be touched up |
| Typical Maintenance | Low maintenance |
| Rainwater Goods | |
| Description | Powder-coated metal |



| Typical Life Expectancy | 30 -50 years |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Robustness & Security | Good resistance to accidental damage |
| Replacement & Repair | Excellent- easily replaced |
| Typical Maintenance | Low maintenance |
| Louvres and Fins | |
| Description | Powder-coated metal |
| Typical Life Expectancy | 30 -50 years |
| Robustness & Security | Good resistance to accidental damage |
| Replacement & Repair | Excellent- easily replaced |
| Typical Maintenance | Low maintenance |

3.6 Landscape

| Measure | Description | Benefit |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Site Layout and Design | Pedestrian and cyclist friendly hierarchy of streets and open spaces are complemented by generous and high-quality landscape treatments including street tree planting and soft landscaping within public spaces providing long term high quality residential environments. Please refer to Landscape Report for further detail. | Safe, high quality residential environments reduce vandalism and antisocial behaviour issues |
| Hard Landscape Materials | andscape used for paving. | |
| Soft Landscape Materials | Planting proposals have been formulated to complement the local setting as well as being proven fit for purpose in respect of private, communal and public realm uses and spatial constraints imposed by the site. | Reduction in the frequency of required soft landscape maintenance |
| Maintenance & Management | Maintenance and management requirements have been considered through the design process. Complex planting arrangements have been omitted thus avoiding onerous maintenance and management requirements. | Estate maintenance costs reduced |
| Sustainability & Biodiversity | Sustainability aspects of the proposed development include the use of native trees where possible across the site. Other species have been carefully selected for compatibility with the size of available spaces which is an important factor in long term management. The overall objective is to enhance the biodiversity potential of the site in addition to providing seasonal interest and variety. | Enhanced sustainability of long- term management |
| | Judiciously placed flowering shrub and groundcover planting have been included to further promote biodiversity (pollinator species attracting insects and birdlife). Sedum is also included to roofs, for both SUDs benefit and biodiversity gains. | |



3.7 Waste Management

The following measures illustrate the intentions for the management of Waste:

| Measure | Description | Benefit |
|---|--|---|
| Construction Waste Management Plan | A Construction and Operational Waste Management Plan will be developed by the Contractor in due course | Achieving best practice in the segregation of waste, recycling and reusing where possible, reducing material to landfill and promoting the circular economy. |
| Operational Waste Management Plan | This application includes by an Operational Waste Management Plan prepared by a specialist consultant. | The report demonstrates how the scheme has been designed to comply with local, regional, and national waste legislation. |
| Storage of Non- Recyclable and | Inclusion of centralised waste storage areas Domestic waste management strategy: | Easily accessible by all residents, minimizes potential littering of the scheme, reduce potential waste charges and not limit waste contractor selection |
| Recyclable Household Waste | Grey, Brown and Green bin distinction. Enough space to accommodate regular collection of bins. | |
| | Domestic waste management strategy: General waste, mixed recyclable and organic bin distinction. | Helps reduce potential waste charges and not limit waste contractor selection |
| | Security restricted waste storage rooms | Reduce potential for fly tipping by residents and non-residents |
| | Well signed waste storage rooms and bins | Help reduce potential cross contamination of waste and reduce waste charges. |
| Composting | Organic waste bins to be provided in waste storage areas | Reduces materials to landfill and waste charges |

3.8 Health and Wellbeing

The following are illustrations of how the health and wellbeing of future residents are considered:

| Measure | Description | Benefit |
|------------------------|---|---|
| Natural / Day Light | The design, separation distances and layout of the proposed scheme has been designed to optimize natural daylight/ sunlight and to provide good levels of natural light. | Reduces reliance on artificial lighting thereby reducing costs. |
| Accessibility | All units will comply with the requirements of Part M and Part K. | Reduces the level of adaptation, and associated costs, potentially necessitated by residents' future circumstances. |
| Security | The scheme is designed to incorporate passive surveillance with the following security strategies available for adaption into the design: CCTV monitoring Fobbed access into communal bin and | Aids in reducing potential security/ management costs. Enhances safety for residents and visitors. |
| | shared bicycle facilities. Controlled Access to individual circulation cores | |



| | Controlled access between Public Spaces and Residents Communal Spaces | |
|--------------------|---|--|
| | Appropriately lit external spaces | |
| Natural Amenity | External spaces being provided separately for residents (communal courtyard & private balconies) and public (Quality Public Open Space) | Facilitates community interaction, socialising, and play – resulting in improved wellbeing. Proximity and use of external green spaces promotes a healthy lifestyle. |

3.9 Management

Consideration has been given to ensuring the residents have a clear understanding of the subject property. COA_Report-No_Level_3 $\,$

| Measure | Description | Benefit |
|--------------------|---|--|
| Home User Guide | Consideration will be given to providing all residents with a home user guide including: User information manual – this will provide important information for the purchaser on details of their new property. It typically includes details of the property such as MPRN and GPRN, Information in relation to connect with utilities and communication providers, contact details for all relevant suppliers and User Instructions for appliances and devices in the property. A Residents Pack prepared by the OMC or AHB which will typically provide information on contact details for the managing agent, | Residents are kept as informed as possible so that any issues can be addressed in a timely and efficient manner. |
| | emergency contact information, transport links in the area and a clear set of rules and regulations. | |

3.10 Transport

| Measure | Description | Benefit |
|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Access to Public Transport | The Croke Villas site is within 5 minutes walk of bus stops on Ballybough Road and less than 20 minutes walk from Drumcondra train station. | The availability, proximity and ease of access to high quality public transport services contributes to reducing the reliance on the private motor vehicle for all journey types. |
| Permeable Connections | Dedicated pedestrian and cycle infrastructure on-site, and their connectivity with adjoining lands and off-site networks. | Permeable connections for residents |
| Bicycle Storage | The provision of high-quality secure bicycle parking facilities, for both short term and long-term parking requirements. | Accommodates the uptake of cycling and reducing the reliance on the private motor vehicles. |
| E - Car Facilities | EV charging facilities and ducting for future charging provided from a local landlord distribution board. | To accommodate the growing demand for electric vehicles which assist in decarbonising society and reducing fossil fuel dependency. |



Appendix.A. Items Included in a Typical Building Investment Fund.

The table below illustrates what would be incorporated for the calculation of a Building Investment Fund Sinking Fund (Sinking Fund).

| Building Element Minimum Service life (years) at Service Commencement Date* Structure/ sub structure | Building Investment Fund (Sinking Fund) | | | | |
|--|---|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Floor Structure | Building Element | | | | |
| Roof Structure 60 Roof covering – up to 5 degree pitch 40 Roof covering – over 5 degree pitch 40 Windows 40 External wall/ cladding inc. openings 40 External partitions inc. openings 40 Internal partitions inc. openings 40 Internal finishes 15 Ceilings 40 Internal doors 30 Internal fixtures and fittings 15 Sanitary fittings 20 Kitchen sanitary fittings 20 Built-in furniture 20 Mechanical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Electrical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Engineering services distribution systems As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B CCTV installations 20 Security installations 20 Security installations 20 Communications installations 20 Lifts 15 Underground drainage 60 External finishes -decorative coatings 25 | Structure/ sub structure | 60 | | | |
| Roof covering – up to 5 degree pitch Roof covering – over 5 degree pitch Windows External wall/ cladding inc. openings 40 External doors Internal partitions inc. openings 40 Internal finishes 15 Ceilings 40 Internal doors Internal doors Internal fixtures and fittings Internal fixtures and fittings Sanitary fittings 20 Kitchen sanitary fittings Built-in furniture 40 Mechanical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Electrical plant Engineering services distribution systems CCTV installations 20 Security installations 20 Communications installations 20 Communications installations 20 Communications installations 20 External finishes -decorative coatings 25 | Floor Structure | 60 | | | |
| Roof covering – over 5 degree pitch Windows External wall/ cladding inc. openings 40 External doors Internal partitions inc. openings 40 Internal partitions inc. openings 40 Internal finishes 15 Ceilings 40 Internal doors Internal doors Internal fixtures and fittings 5 Sanitary fittings 20 Kitchen sanitary fittings 20 Mechanical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Electrical plant Engineering services distribution systems As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B CCTV installations 20 Security installations 20 Communications installations 20 Communications installations 20 Lifts Underground drainage External finishes -decorative coatings 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 4 | Roof Structure | 60 | | | |
| Windows 40 External wall/ cladding inc. openings 40 Internal partitions inc. openings 40 Internal partitions inc. openings 40 Internal finishes 15 Ceilings 40 Internal doors 30 Internal fixtures and fittings 15 Sanitary fittings 20 Kitchen sanitary fittings 20 Built-in furniture 20 Mechanical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Electrical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Engineering services distribution systems As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B CCTV installations 20 Fire installations 20 Communications installations 20 Lifts 15 Underground drainage 60 External finishes -decorative coatings 25 | Roof covering – up to 5 degree pitch | 40 | | | |
| External wall/ cladding inc. openings 40 External doors 40 Internal partitions inc. openings 40 Internal finishes 15 Ceilings 40 Internal doors 30 Internal fixtures and fittings 15 Sanitary fittings 20 Kitchen sanitary fittings 20 Mechanical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Electrical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Engineering services distribution systems As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B CCTV installations 20 Fire installations 20 Security installations 20 Communications installations 20 Lifts 15 Underground drainage 60 External finishes -decorative coatings 25 | Roof covering – over 5 degree pitch | 40 | | | |
| External doors 40 Internal partitions inc. openings 40 Internal finishes 15 Ceilings 40 Internal doors 30 Internal fixtures and fittings 15 Sanitary fittings 20 Kitchen sanitary fittings 20 Built-in furniture 20 Mechanical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Electrical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B CCTV installations 20 Fire installations 20 Security installations 20 Communications installations 20 Cifts 15 Underground drainage 60 External finishes -decorative coatings 25 | Windows | 40 | | | |
| Internal partitions inc. openings 40 Internal finishes 15 Ceilings 40 Internal doors 30 Internal fixtures and fittings 15 Sanitary fittings 20 Kitchen sanitary fittings 20 Built-in furniture 20 Mechanical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Electrical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Engineering services distribution systems As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B CCTV installations 20 Fire installations 20 Security installations 20 Communications installations 20 Lifts 15 Underground drainage 60 External finishes -decorative coatings 25 | External wall/ cladding inc. openings | 40 | | | |
| Internal finishes Ceilings 40 Internal doors Internal fixtures and fittings 5anitary fittings 20 Kitchen sanitary fittings 20 Built-in furniture 20 Mechanical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Electrical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Engineering services distribution systems CCTV installations 20 Security installations 20 Communications installations 20 Lifts Underground drainage External finishes -decorative coatings | External doors | 40 | | | |
| Ceilings 40 Internal doors 30 Internal fixtures and fittings 15 Sanitary fittings 20 Kitchen sanitary fittings 20 Built-in furniture 20 Mechanical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Electrical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Engineering services distribution systems As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B CCTV installations 20 Fire installations 20 Security installations 20 Communications installations 20 Lifts 15 Underground drainage 60 External finishes -decorative coatings 25 | Internal partitions inc. openings | 40 | | | |
| Internal doors Internal fixtures and fittings Internal fixtures and fixtures and Internal | Internal finishes | 15 | | | |
| Internal fixtures and fittings Sanitary fittings 20 Kitchen sanitary fittings 20 Built-in furniture 20 Mechanical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Electrical plant Engineering services distribution systems CCTV installations 20 Security installations 20 Communications installations 20 Lifts Underground drainage External finishes -decorative coatings | Ceilings | 40 | | | |
| Sanitary fittings 20 Kitchen sanitary fittings 20 Built-in furniture 20 Mechanical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Electrical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Engineering services distribution systems As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B CCTV installations 20 Fire installations 20 Security installations 20 Communications installations 20 Lifts 15 Underground drainage 60 External finishes -decorative coatings 20 | Internal doors | 30 | | | |
| Kitchen sanitary fittings Built-in furniture 20 Mechanical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Electrical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Engineering services distribution systems CCTV installations 20 Fire installations 20 Security installations 20 Communications installations 20 Lifts 15 Underground drainage 60 External finishes -decorative coatings | Internal fixtures and fittings | 15 | | | |
| Built-in furniture 20 Mechanical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Electrical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Engineering services distribution systems As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B CCTV installations 20 Fire installations 20 Security installations 20 Communications installations 20 Lifts 15 Underground drainage 60 External finishes -decorative coatings 25 | Sanitary fittings | 20 | | | |
| Mechanical plant Electrical plant As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B Engineering services distribution systems As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B CCTV installations 20 Fire installations 20 Security installations 20 Communications installations 20 Lifts 15 Underground drainage External finishes -decorative coatings As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B 20 20 60 External finishes -decorative coatings | Kitchen sanitary fittings | 20 | | | |
| Electrical plant Engineering services distribution systems CCTV installations Fire installations Security installations Communications installations Lifts Underground drainage External finishes -decorative coatings As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B 20 20 20 50 60 External finishes -decorative coatings | Built-in furniture | 20 | | | |
| Engineering services distribution systems CCTV installations 20 Fire installations 20 Security installations 20 Communications installations 20 Lifts 15 Underground drainage External finishes -decorative coatings As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B 20 20 20 25 | Mechanical plant | As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B | | | |
| CCTV installations 20 Fire installations 20 Security installations 20 Communications installations 20 Lifts 15 Underground drainage 60 External finishes -decorative coatings 25 | Electrical plant | As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B | | | |
| Fire installations 20 Security installations 20 Communications installations 20 Lifts 15 Underground drainage 60 External finishes -decorative coatings 25 | Engineering services distribution systems | As CIBSE Guide, Vol. B | | | |
| Security installations 20 Communications installations 20 Lifts 15 Underground drainage 60 External finishes -decorative coatings 25 | CCTV installations | 20 | | | |
| Communications installations 20 Lifts 15 Underground drainage 60 External finishes -decorative coatings 25 | Fire installations | 20 | | | |
| Lifts 15 Underground drainage 60 External finishes -decorative coatings 25 | Security installations | 20 | | | |
| Underground drainage 60 External finishes -decorative coatings 25 | Communications installations | 20 | | | |
| External finishes -decorative coatings 25 | Lifts | 15 | | | |
| | Underground drainage | 60 | | | |
| | External finishes -decorative coatings | 25 | | | |
| External fences 30 | External fences | 30 | | | |



Mt Pleasant Business Ctr, Ranelagh, Dublin 6, D06 X7P8 Unit 8A Oran Point, Main St, Oranmore, Co. Galway, H91 Y36X 01 497 6766 | 091 788 325 | admin@coady.ie | www.coady.ie



European Partners

Antwerp, Dublin, Galway, Helsinki, Lisbon, Madrid, Milan, Malaga, Poznan, Stockholm www.perspective-architecturalgroup.com

